

2015학년도 9월 모평 EBS/변형독해 연계 자료

독해편

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2015학년도 9월 모평 EBS 지문 출전 간단 요약

[발견된 총 문항수 : 문항 (듣기 제외)]

A. 교재별 출처 현황 (듣기 제외)

수능특강	영어독해연습1	영어독해연습2	N제	수능완성
4	1	3	5	4

B. 2015학년도 9월 모평 EBS, 변형독해 출처 현황 간단 표 (듣기 제외)

1. EBS 출처

2015학년도 9월 모평		EBS 출처	
번호	유형	번호	유형
19번	주장	N제, p27, 22번(2회)	순서
21번	요지	수능특강, p52, 13번(6강)	빈칸(2개)
22번	주제	영독1, p87, 4번(13강)	순서
24번	내용 일치	N제, p112, 10번(9회)	내용 불일치
25번	내용 불일치	N제, p34, 10번(3회)	내용 일치
26번	도표	수능완성, p11, 26번(1회)	도표
28번	어법	영독2, p48, 1번(6강)	어법
29번	밑줄형 어휘	수능완성, p57, 5번(13강)	빈칸(2개)
30번	지칭	수능특강, p140, 1번(19강)	내용 불일치
31번	빈칸	영독2, p119, 14번(14강)	요약
32번	빈칸	수능완성, p48, 18번(4회)	요지
33번	빈칸	영독2, p16, 1번(2강)	빈칸
35번	순서	N제, p88, 14번(7회)	빈칸
36번	삽입	수능특강, p207, 7번(test 2)	밑줄형 어법
37번	삽입	N제, p126, 13번(10회)	빈칸
38번	무관한 문장	수능완성, p66, 31번(5회)	빈칸
39번	무관한 문장	수능특강, p157, 4번(23강)	밑줄형 어휘

\* 비고

22번은 문장을 좀 잘라냈음

2. 변형독해 출처

2015학년도 9월 모평		변형독해 출처	
번호	유형	번호	유형
21번	요지	1탄 35번	제목
22번	주제	2탄 18번	빈칸
31번	빈칸	2탄 핵심체크 14-14(p162)	핵심체크
33번	빈칸	2탄 38-2번	빈칸
35번	순서	3탄 80-1번	삽입
36번	삽입	1탄 핵심체크 T2-7	핵심체크
37번	삽입	3탄 116-1번	삽입

\* 비고

33번 빈칸 위치 적중

37번 유형 및 주어진 문장 적중

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### C. 2015학년도 9월 모평 독해 EBS 출제 현황 상세 내역

(동일 지문끼리 같은 색으로 표시했습니다.)

#### [9월 모의평가 19번]

다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

Everybody has moments of doubt about something or other from time to time; it is a natural process. The challenge is not to let those moments accumulate and affect your self-belief. You will always face the challenge of other people's comments and opinion. There are people that you feel good being around and others you don't. Some people give you positive energy because they believe in you. You feel it and you rise to the occasion. Others may always have a negative comment to make about what you are doing or talking about. Don't let these comments rock your self-belief. Always question the person's reason for the comment. If it is based on fact, you should listen; if not, then it is only their opinion. You will need to stay strong.

- ① 인맥이 넓은 사람들과 교제하라.
  - ② 성공하기 위해 도전적인 자세를 가지라.
  - ③ 일시적 감정으로 타인을 비판하지 말라.
  - ④ 좌절감을 느낄 때는 성공한 경험을 생각하라.
  - ⑤ 선별적인 의견 수용으로 자기 확신이 흔들리지 않게 하라.
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[N제, p27, 22번]

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Everybody has moments of doubt or can be unsure about something or other from time to time; it is a natural process.

(A) Don't let these comments rock your self-belief. Always question the person's reason for the comment. If it is based on fact you will listen; if not, then it is only their opinion. You will need to stay strong.

(B) Some people give you positive energy because they believe in you. You feel it and you rise to the occasion. Others may always have a negative comment to make about what you are doing or talking about.

(C) The challenge is not to let those moments accumulate and affect your self-belief. You will always face the challenge of other people's comments and opinion. You may have noticed in your life that there are people that you feel good being around and others you don't.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B)
- ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A)
- ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)

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[9월 모의평가 21번]

다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

One reason many people keep delaying things they should do is that they fear they will do them wrong or poorly, so they just don't do them at all. For example, one of the best ways to write a book is to write it as quickly as possible, getting your thoughts onto paper without regard to style. Then, you can go back to revise and polish your writing. If I only wrote when I knew it would be perfect, I'd still be working on my first book! Do you have a hard time relaxing if your house is a mess? Do you beat yourself up for making mistakes? I've got a simple message for you today: It's time to let go of your perfectionism. It becomes a stumbling block that keeps you stuck.

- ① 작은 실수는 큰 실수를 유발한다.
- ② 주변을 정리하는 습관이 중요하다.
- ③ 책을 집필하기 위해서는 인내가 필요하다.
- ④ 완벽주의는 일을 추진하는 데 방해가 된다.
- ⑤ 타인의 입장에서 생각하는 것이 바람직하다.

[수능특강, p52, 13번]

다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

One reason many people keep delaying things they should do is that they fear they will do them wrong or poorly, so they just don't do them at all. For example, one of the best ways to write a book is to write it as (A)\_\_\_\_\_ as you can, getting onto paper the thoughts that come to you without regard to style and edition. Then you can go back to revise and polish your writing. If I only wrote when I knew it would be perfect, I'd still be working on my first book! Do you have a hard time relaxing if your house is a mess or if things are out of order? Do you beat yourself up for making mistakes? I've got a simple message for you today: It's time to let go of your (B)\_\_\_\_\_. It becomes a stumbling block that keeps you stuck.

- ① long …… prejudice
- ② clearly …… optimism
- ③ clearly …… self-criticism
- ④ quickly …… perfectionism
- ⑤ quickly …… pessimism

[변형독해 1탄, 35번]

다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.



One reason many people keep **delaying** things they should do is that they fear they will do them wrong or poorly, so they just don't do them at all. For example, one of the best ways to write a book is to write it as quickly as you can, getting onto paper the thoughts that come to you without regard to style and edition. <Then you can go back to revise and polish your writing.> If I only wrote when I knew it would be perfect, I'd still be working on my first book! Do you have a hard time relaxing if your house is a mess or if things are out of order? Do you beat yourself up for making mistakes? I've got a simple message for you today: It's time to let go of your **perfectionism**. It becomes a stumbling block that keeps you stuck.

- ① Don't Put the Cart Before the Horse.
- ② Practice Makes Perfect.
- ③ Allow Yourself to Do it Imperfectly.
- ④ Don't be Afraid to Be Perfect.
- ⑤ You Can't be Too Careful.



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[9월 모의평가 22번]

다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

Textiles and clothing have functions that go beyond just protecting the body. Dress and textiles alike are used as a means of nonverbal communication. Obvious examples would be the use of uniforms to communicate a particular social role and the modern white wedding dress Western cultures use to mark this rite of passage. Both types of clothing communicate important information nonverbally to the onlooker. The female wearing the white dress is about to be married and change her status and role in society. The person in the uniform has some specialized function in society, such as police officer, nurse, or soldier. Therefore, it can be said that clothing visually communicates information about group membership and functions as an identity marker.

- ① educational functions of uniforms
  - ② ways to diversify styles of clothing
  - ③ gender differences in choosing clothing
  - ④ different cultural norms of Western society
  - ⑤ nonverbal communicative functions of clothing
-

[영독1, p87, 4번]

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

Clothes protect against the elements. However, textiles and clothing also have other functions that go beyond just protecting the body. Dress and textiles alike are used as a means of nonverbal communication.

(A) Therefore, it can be said that clothing visually communicates information about group membership and functions as an identity marker. One can dress down or up to display wealth, education, or social standing, depending on the message the wearer wants onlookers to receive.

(B) Obvious examples would be the use of uniforms to communicate a particular social role and the modern white wedding dress Western cultures use to mark this rite of passage. Both types of clothing communicate important information nonverbally to the onlooker.

(C) The female wearing the white dress is about to be married and change her status and role in society. The person in the uniform has some specialized function in society, such as police officer, nurse, or soldier.

- ① (A)-(C)-(B)
- ② (B)-(A)-(C)
- ③ (B)-(C)-(A)
- ④ (C)-(A)-(B)
- ⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

[변형독해 2탄, 18번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?



Clothes protect against the elements. **However**, textiles and clothing also have other functions that go beyond just protecting the body. Dress and textiles alike are used as **a means of nonverbal communication**. Obvious examples would be the use of uniforms to communicate a particular social role and the modern white wedding dress Western cultures use to mark this rite of passage. Both types of clothing communicate important information nonverbally to the onlooker. The female wearing the white dress is about to be married and change her status and role in society. The person in the uniform has some specialized function in society, such as police officer, nurse, or soldier. **Therefore**, it can be said that clothing visually communicates information about ..... One can dress down or up to display wealth, education, or social standing, depending on the message the wearer wants onlookers to receive.

- ① personality traits of the people who live near us
- ② a person, object or event by using symbols or words
- ③ group membership and functions as an identity marker
- ④ various types of social workers depending on the sector
- ⑤ a person's organizational experiences and job demands

[9월 모의평가 24번]

Stonehenge Tour에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하는 것은?



**STONEHENGE TOUR**

The great and ancient stone circle of Stonehenge is one of the greatest wonders of the world. Enjoy the stones with a fascinating audio-guided tour, in the language of your choice!

**Included Highlights**

- Express Service to Stonehenge by Luxury Bus
- Stonehenge Guidebook

**Prices & Bus Departures**

- Adults: £44.00 Children (3-12): £39.00  
Seniors (60 and over) / Students: £42.00
- Days: Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday
- Times & Places: 10:00 am, Royal National Hotel  
11:00 am, Victoria Station

To secure your seat, please arrive at least 15 minutes prior to departure or book online 24 hours in advance.

- ① audio guide는 영어로만 제공된다.
- ② Stonehenge 안내서는 제공되지 않는다.
- ③ 60세 이상의 노인들은 무료이다.
- ④ 버스는 오전에만 출발한다.
- ⑤ 좌석 확보는 온라인 예약으로만 가능하다.

[N제, p112, 10번]

Stonehenge Tour에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

## STONEHENGE TOUR



The great and ancient stone circle of Stonehenge is one of the great wonders of the world and has been awarded World Heritage Site status. Why it was built is a mystery. Its origins date back almost 5,000 years. Board our luxury bus for a direct Express service to Stonehenge. You can enjoy the stones at your leisure with a fascinating audio-guided tour, in the language of your choice.

### Included Highlights

- Express Service to Stonehenge by Luxury Bus
- Information Fact Sheet
- Entrance to Stonehenge Included

### Price & Departures

Adults: £ 29.00

Children: £ 15.00

Seniors/Students: £ 20.00

Days of departures: Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday

Departures: 12:00 Royal National Hotel

12:30 Evan Evans Office

- ① 음성 안내 설명을 들을 수 있다.
- ② 버스를 타고 이동한다.
- ③ 관람지 입장료는 별도이다.
- ④ 학생과 노인의 관광료는 같다.
- ⑤ 화요일, 목요일, 토요일에 출발한다.

[9월 모의평가 25번]

Kids Library Camp에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

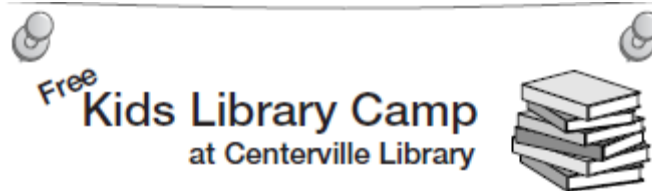


**Kids Library Camp**  
**Premont Library**  
(July 29 & 30, 2015)

- ★ A 2-day camp for children aged 6 and over (Children under 6 must be accompanied by an adult.)
  - ★ Time: 1:00 pm - 6:00 pm, on both days
  - ★ Learn How To:
    - use library facilities
    - produce online videos
    - create your own story books
  
  - Spaces are limited, so advance registration is required.  
Registrations are accepted only at [www.premont.lib](http://www.premont.lib).
  - No registration fee
  - For further details, contact Ms. Huggon at [huggon@premont.lib](mailto:huggon@premont.lib) or (877) 123-4567.
- 
- ① 6세 미만의 어린이는 어른을 동반해야 한다.
  - ② 캠프는 오후에 진행된다.
  - ③ 도서관 시설의 이용 방법을 배운다.
  - ④ 캠프 참가 사전 등록이 필요하다.
  - ⑤ 캠프 등록비를 내야 한다.

[N제, p34, 10번]

Free Kids Library Camp에 관한 다음 안내문의 내용과 일치하는 것은?



We offer a free educational program.

Come and find out more about the library!

- ★ A two-day camp for kids entering 4th-6th grade in elementary school
- ★ Wednesday, October 29, 2014 1:00 p.m.-6:00 p.m.
- Friday, October 31, 2014 1:00 p.m.-6:00 p.m.
  - How do you find things in the library?
- What programs are normally offered at the library?
  - Can children volunteer for the library?
- Do you know there is a library that never closes?
  - What is it like to work in the library?

Think about answers to all these questions at home.  
It's educational and it's FUN!

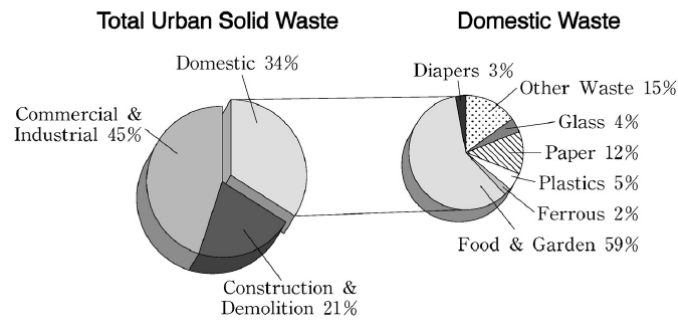
- Seats are limited, so advance registration is required.  
Reserve your seat only at [www.freekidslibrary.org](http://www.freekidslibrary.org).
- Centerville Library is located at 3553 Nicole Ave.  
Fremont, CA 99888.
- For more information, please call (510) 232-6767.

- ① 도서관 관련 교육 프로그램이며 유료로 운영된다.
- ② 초등학교에 재학 중인 전 학년 학생들을 대상으로 한다.
- ③ 10월 마지막 주에 이틀 연속해서 5시간씩 진행한다.
- ④ 사전에 참가자가 생각해 볼 질문과 답변을 함께 제공한다.
- ⑤ 제한된 좌석으로 인해 온라인상의 사전 등록이 필요하다.

[9월 모의평가 26번]

다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Breakdown of Solid Waste of New South Wales  
(Domestic Waste Featured)



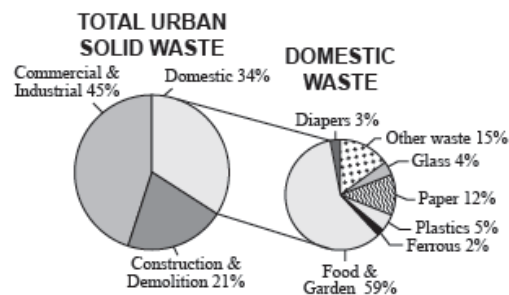
The pie charts above show the Breakdown of Solid Waste, particularly focusing on Domestic Waste, of the state of New South Wales, Australia. ① With regard to Total Urban Solid Waste, the percentage of Commercial & Industrial is more than twice as high as that of Construction & Demolition. ② The Domestic category makes up about a third of Total Urban Solid Waste. ③ Of Domestic Waste, Food & Garden accounts for the highest percentage, while the percentage of Ferrous is the lowest. ④ Other Waste is 15% of Domestic Waste, which is five times higher than the percentage of Plastics. ⑤ Diapers and Glass each are less than five percent of Domestic Waste.



[수능완성(실전편), p11, 26번]

다음 도표의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

**Breakdown of Solid Waste of New South Wales  
(Domestic Waste Featured)**



The graph above shows the breakdown of total urban solid waste, particularly focusing on domestic waste, of the state of New South Wales, Australia. ① Of the total urban solid waste, commercial & industrial waste accounts for the most at 45 percent, followed by domestic waste. ② Domestic waste is about a third of the total urban solid waste, and it consists of seven categories. ③ Of the domestic waste, food & garden waste takes up the largest portion, which is over half of domestic waste. ④ Of the domestic waste, paper waste takes up 12 percent, which is the same as other waste. ⑤ Below paper waste, there are four categories — plastics, glass, diapers, and ferrous — each of which does not exceed five percent.

[9월 모의평가 28번]

(A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The term *objectivity* is important in measurement because of the scientific demand that observations be subject to public verification. A measurement system is objective to the extent that two observers (A) evaluate / evaluating the same performance arrive at the same (or very similar) measurements. For example, using a tape measure to determine the distance a javelin (B) threw / was thrown yields very similar results regardless of who reads the tape. By comparison, evaluation of performances such as diving, gymnastics, and figure skating is more subjective — although elaborate scoring rules help make (C) it / them more objective. From the point of view of research in motor behavior, it is important to use performances in the laboratory for which the scoring can be as objective as possible.

- ① evaluate …… threw …… it
- ② evaluate …… threw …… them
- ③ evaluating …… threw …… it
- ④ evaluating …… was thrown …… them
- ⑤ evaluating …… was thrown …… it

[영독2, p48번, 1번]

(A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?

The term *objectivity* is important in measurement (A) because / because of the scientific demand that observations be subject to public verification. A measurement system is objective to the extent that two observers evaluating the same performance arrive at the same (or very similar) measurements. For example, using a tape measure to determine the distance a javelin was thrown (B) yielding / yields very similar results regardless of who reads the tape. By comparison, evaluation of performances such as diving, gymnastics, and figure skating is more subjective — although elaborate scoring rules, complete with certification tests for judges, help make it more objective. From the point of view of research in motor behavior, it is important to use performances in the laboratory (C) for which / which the scoring can be as objective as possible.

- ① because ..... yielding ..... for which
- ② because ..... yielding ..... which
- ③ because of ..... yielding ..... for which
- ④ because of ..... yields ..... which
- ⑤ because of ..... yields ..... for which

[9월 모의평가 29번]

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

A special feature of the real estate rental market is its tendency to undergo a severe and prolonged contraction phase, more so than with manufactured products. When the supply of a manufactured product ① exceeds the demand, the manufacturer cuts back on output, and the merchant reduces inventory to balance supply and demand. However, ② property owners cannot reduce the amount of space available for rent in their buildings. Space that was constructed to accommodate business and consumer needs at the peak of the cycle ③ remains, so vacancy rates climb and the downward trend becomes more severe. Rental rates generally do not drop below a certain point, the ④ maximum that must be charged in order to cover operating expenses. Some owners will take space off the market rather than lose money on it. A few, unable to subsidize the property, will sell at distress prices, and lenders will repossess others. These may then be placed on the market at lower rental rates, further ⑤ depressing the market.

[수능완성, p57, 5번]

다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

A special feature of the real estate rental market is its tendency to undergo a (A)\_\_\_\_\_ contraction phase, more so than with manufactured products. When the supply of a manufactured product exceeds the demand, the manufacturer cuts back on output, and the merchant reduces inventory to balance supply and demand. However, property owners cannot reduce the amount of space available for rent in their buildings. Space that was constructed to accommodate business and consumer needs at the peak of the cycle remains, so vacancy rates climb and the downward trend becomes more severe. Rental rates generally do not drop below a certain point, the minimum that must be charged in order to cover operating expenses. Some owners will take space off the market rather than lose money on it. A few, unable to subsidize the property, will sell at distress prices, and lenders will repossess others. These may then be placed on the market at (B)\_\_\_\_\_ rental rates, further depressing the market.

- ① short-term ..... lower
- ② prolonged ..... higher
- ③ predictable ..... higher
- ④ prolonged ..... lower
- ⑤ short-term ..... invariable

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[9월 모의평가 30번]

밑줄 친 부분이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

Born in Budapest to a family of bankers, von Neumann was undeniably bright. At age eight, ① he had mastered calculus. At age twelve, he was reading works aimed at professional mathematicians. But ② he also loved to invent mechanical toys and became a child expert on Byzantine history. When it was time to go off to university, he agreed to study chemical engineering as a compromise with his father, who feared that ③ his son couldn't make a living as a mathematician. Von Neumann kept his bargain by enrolling at the University of Budapest and promptly leaving for Berlin, where he spent his time doing mathematics, and returning to Budapest at the end of every semester to take examinations. He published ④ his second mathematics paper, in which he gave the modern definition of ordinal numbers, at age nineteen. By age twenty-five ⑤ he had published ten major papers; by age thirty, nearly three dozen.

[수능특강, p140, 1번]

von Neumann에 관한 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것은?

Born in Budapest to a family of Jewish bankers, von Neumann was undeniably bright. At age eight, he had mastered calculus. At age twelve, he was reading works aimed at professional mathematicians. But he also loved to invent mechanical toys and became a child expert on Byzantine history, the Civil War, and the trial of Joan of Arc. When it was time to go off to university, he agreed to study chemical engineering as a compromise with his father, who feared that his son couldn't make a living as a mathematician. Von Neumann kept his bargain by enrolling at the University of Budapest and promptly leaving for Berlin, where he spent his time doing mathematics, including visiting lectures by Einstein, and returning to Budapest at the end of every semester to take examinations. He published his second mathematics paper, in which he gave the modern definition of ordinal numbers which excelled Cantor's, at age nineteen. By age twenty-five he had published ten major papers; by age thirty, nearly three dozen.

- ① 유대인 은행가 가문 출신이었다.
- ② 12세에 전문 수학자를 위한 저작물을 읽었다.
- ③ 아버지의 바람대로 수학 전공을 선택했다.
- ④ Berlin에서 아인슈타인의 강의를 참관했다.
- ⑤ 19세에 두 번째 수학 논문을 발표했다.

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[9월 모의평가 31번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Not all interesting discoveries have an obvious application. If you believe you have something, but you're not sure what exactly it's going to be good for, don't give up. Many innovations languished in labs for years until they were ----- . Teflon, an extremely slippery synthetic substance employed as a coating on cooking utensils, was invented in 1938, but it didn't coat its first pan till 1954. The Post-it note was built on the back of some not-very-good glue. Its inventor believed it might have value, but it took him five years to find a potentially profitable use for it. HP had a breakthrough with a super-accurate thermometer that was created in the HP Labs. Despite its accuracy, there was no clear use for the device until it was used to measure fluctuations in ocean temperature.

- ① replaced by new ones
- ② matched to a product
- ③ backed up by a theory
- ④ found to be eco-friendly
- ⑤ tested for their accuracy



[영독2, p119, 14번]

다음 글의 내용을 한 문장으로 요약하고자 한다. 빈칸 (A)와 (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Not all interesting discoveries have an obvious application. If you believe you have something, but you're not sure what exactly it's going to be good for, don't give up. Many innovations languished in labs for years until they were matched to a product. Teflon, an extremely slippery synthetic substance employed as a coating on cooking utensils, was invented in 1938, but it didn't coat its first pan till 1954. The Post-it note was built on the back of some not-very-good glue. Its inventor believed it might have value, but it took him five years to get any support for the concept, or find a potentially profitable use for it. HP had a breakthrough with a super-accurate thermometer that was created in the HP Labs. Despite its accuracy, there was no clear use for the device until it was used to measure fluctuations in ocean temperature. The resulting data is a key component in ongoing discoveries about the rising temperatures in the oceans.

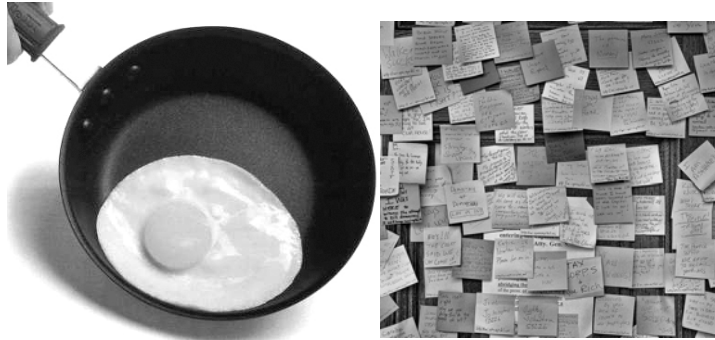


Many cases have shown that when you have a new and interesting idea that has potentially useful properties, with (A)\_\_\_\_\_, you can find (B)\_\_\_\_\_ uses for your product.

- ① publicity ..... practical
- ② publicity ..... intended
- ③ persistence ..... practical
- ④ priority ..... educational
- ⑤ persistence ..... educational

[변형독해 2탄, 핵심체크 14-14 (p162)]

Teflon. Post-it.



Not all interesting discoveries have an obvious application. If you believe you have something, but you're not sure what exactly it's going to be good for, **don't give up**. Many innovations **languished** in labs for years until they were matched to a product.

출처•Beyond the Obvious, Phil McKinney

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[9월 모의평가 32번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Empathy is a character trait that we value in ourselves and in our friends, colleagues, and the professionals who serve us. The know-how to be empathetic is central to practical wisdom: unless we can understand how others think and feel, it's difficult to know the right thing to do. But empathy has its dark side: too much understanding and sensitivity, too much seeing things from the other's perspective, can ----- . Edmund Pellegrino, a scholar of bioethics, explains it like this: "If a physician identifies too closely as co-sufferer with the patient, she loses the objectivity essential to the most precise assessment of what is wrong, of what can be done, and of what should be done to meet those needs. Excessive co-suffering also impedes and may even paralyze the physician into a state of inaction."

- ① block everlasting friendship
  - ② justify doctors' abuse of power
  - ③ cloud judgment and paralyze choice
  - ④ lead to a hasty but correct diagnosis
  - ⑤ decrease doctors' compassion for patients
-

[수능완성(실전편), p48, 18번]

다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

Empathy is a character trait that we value in ourselves and in our friends, colleagues, and the professionals who serve us. The know-how to be empathetic is central to practical wisdom: unless we can understand how others think and feel, it's difficult to know the right thing to do. But empathy has its dark side: too much understanding and sensitivity, too much seeing things from the other's perspective, can cloud judgment and paralyze choice. Edmund Pellegrino, a scholar and chairman of the President's Council on Bioethics from 2001 to 2009, explains it like this: "If a physician identifies too closely as co-sufferer with the patient, she loses the objectivity essential to the most precise assessment of what is wrong, of what can be done, and of what should be done to meet those needs. Excessive co-suffering also impedes and may even paralyze the physician into a state of inaction."

- ① Not losing objectivity is essential in times of crisis.
- ② Knowing how to be empathetic is meaningful in life.
- ③ Moderate sensitivity allows us to harmonize with others.
- ④ Genuine understanding of others ends up helping yourself.
- ⑤ Excessive empathy can lead to blurry judgment and inaction.

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[9월 모의평가 33번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Bees have their choice of flora according to color. Lord Avenbury once made an experiment to see if the color of flowers attracted bees. Placing honey on slips of paper of different shades, he found that the insects which visited them seemed to have a marked preference for blue, after which came white, yellow, red, green and orange. This finding should be considered for our beekeeping planning. If pollination is the prime consideration of taming bees and if the crop is identified, ----- while planning. Let us consider beekeeping near a mustard field. Mustard gives tiny yellow flowers full of nectar and pollen. For better yield of mustard seeds, pollination is necessary. But if there is plenty of blue-colored wild flora nearby, bees may prefer the blue flowers to mustard. Although we shall get honey and other products, the objective for pollination of mustard may be defeated.

- ① bees' preference for color should be put aside
- ② a greater harvest can be expected near blue flora
- ③ the quality of honey should be taken into account
- ④ the abundance of blue flora nearby must be ensured
- ⑤ the color of other floras nearby should be considered

[영독2, p16, 1번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Bees have their choice of flora according to color. Lord Avenbury once made an experiment to see if the color of flowers attracted bees. Placing honey on slips of paper of different shades, he found that the insects which visited them seemed to have a marked preference for blue, after which came white, yellow, red, green and orange. This finding should be considered for our beekeeping planning. If pollination is the prime consideration of taming bees and if the crop is identified, the color of other floras in the vicinity should be considered while planning. Let us consider beekeeping near a mustard field. Mustard gives tiny yellow flowers full of nectar and pollen. For better yield of mustard seeds, pollination is necessary. But if there is plenty of blue-colored wild flora in the vicinity, bees may prefer the blue flowers to mustard. Although we shall get honey and other products, the objective for pollination of mustard may be -----.

- ① defeated
- ② disclosed
- ③ protected
- ④ promoted
- ⑤ diversified

[변형독해 2탄 38-2번]

- 38-1. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 어법에 맞는 표현으로 가장 적절한 것은?  
 38-2. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?



Bees have their choice of flora according to color. Lord Avenbury once made an experiment to see if the color of flowers attracted bees. (A) To Place / Placing honey on slips of paper of different shades, he found that the insects which visited them seemed to have a marked preference for blue, after which (B) came / brought white, yellow, red, green and orange. This finding should be considered for our beekeeping planning. If

pollination is the prime consideration of taming bees and if the crop is identified, ----- should be considered while (C) plan / planning. Let us consider beekeeping near a mustard field. Mustard gives tiny yellow flowers full of nectar and pollen. For better yield of mustard seeds, pollination is necessary. But if there is plenty of blue-colored wild flora in the vicinity, bees may prefer the blue flowers to mustard. Although we shall get honey and other products, the objective for pollination of mustard may be defeated.

38-1.

- ① To place - came - plan
- ② To place - brought - plan
- ③ To place - came - planning
- ④ Placing - brought - plan
- ⑤ Placing - came - planning

38-2.

- ① its proximity to other resistant species
- ② all pollinators including bees and insects
- ③ whether its color is the preferred one
- ④ the color of other floras in the vicinity
- ⑤ the growth rate, shape and size at maturity

[9월 모의평가 35번]

주어진 글 다음에 이어질 글의 순서로 가장 적절한 것은?

We've all heard the phrase "the family that plays together, stays together." The wisdom in this phrase is that social play builds ties between people that are lasting and consequential.

(A) In crying out, the danger-spotting squirrel draws attention to itself, which may well attract the predator. Scientists used to think that animals would risk their lives like this only for kin with whom they shared common genes.

(B) This wisdom holds outside the human family circle as well. For example, when one ground squirrel sees a predator in the distance, it will sound an alarm call that alerts other squirrels to run for cover. It's a risky move.

(C) New evidence suggests, however, that squirrels also sound alarm calls for former playmates, not genetically related. These squirrels developed a social resource while playing — and these buddies will put their lives on the line to save their playmates.

- ① (A) - (C) - (B)
- ② (B) - (A) - (C)
- ③ (B) - (C) - (A)
- ④ (C) - (A) - (B)
- ⑤ (C) - (B) - (A)



[N제, p88, 14번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

We've all heard the phrase "the family that plays together, stays together." The wisdom in this phrase is that social play builds ties between people that are lasting and consequential. This wisdom holds outside the human family circle as well. A fascinating example comes from a certain breed of ground squirrels. When one sees a predator in the distance, it will sound an alarm call that alerts other squirrels to run for cover. It's a risky move. In crying out, the danger-spotting squirrel draws attention to itself, which may well attract the predator. Scientists used to think that animals would risk their lives like this only for kin with whom they shared common genes. New evidence suggests, however, that squirrels also sound alarm calls for former playmates, not genetically related. These squirrels developed a social resource while playing and these buddies will

- 
- ① put their lives on the line to save their playmates
  - ② chase one another when the mating season begins
  - ③ make submissive behavior such as lowering the head
  - ④ gladly share their homes with one another in winter
  - ⑤ run in seemingly irregular directions to deceive predators

[변형독해 3탄, 80-1번]

80-1. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳은?

New evidence suggests, however, that squirrels also sound alarm calls for former playmates, not genetically related.

80-2. 다음 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

We've all heard the phrase "the family that plays together, stays together." The wisdom in this phrase is that social play builds ties between people that are lasting and (1) consequential. This wisdom holds outside the human family circle as well. A fascinating example comes from a certain breed of ground squirrels. ① When one sees a predator in the distance, it will sound an alarm call that (2) alerts other squirrels to run for cover. ② It's a risky move. ③ In crying out, the danger-spotting squirrel draws attention to itself, which may well (3) repel the predator. ④ Scientists used to think that animals would risk their lives like this only for (4) kin with whom they shared common genes. ⑤ These squirrels developed a social resource while playing and these (5) buddies will put their lives on the line to save their playmates.



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[9월 모의평가 36번]

글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

The study also revealed the commanders had given more attention and praise to the crew members for whom they had the higher expectations.

Self-fulfilling prophecies can have a positive side. ( ① ) We know that students introduced to their teachers as “intellectual bloomers” often do better on achievement tests than do their counterparts who lack such a positive introduction. ( ② ) In a study of army tank crews, one set of tank commanders was told that some members of their assigned crews had exceptional abilities while others were only average. ( ③ ) In reality, the crew members had been assigned randomly so that the two test groups were equal in ability. ( ④ ) The commanders later reported that the so-called “exceptional” crew members performed better than the “average” ones. ( ⑤ ) The self-fulfilling effects in these cases strongly suggest that managers adopt positive and optimistic approaches toward others at work.

[수능특강, p207, 7번]

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 어법상 틀린 것은?

Self-fulfilling prophecies can have a positive side. We know that students introduced to their teachers as “intellectual bloomers” often do better on achievement tests than ① are their counterparts who lack such a positive introduction. But why? In a study of army tank crews, one set of tank commanders ② was told that some members of their assigned crews had exceptional abilities while others were only average. In reality, the crew members had been assigned ③ randomly so that the two test groups were equal in ability. The commanders later reported that the so-called “exceptional” crew members performed better than the “average” ④ ones. The study also revealed the commanders had given more attention and praise to the crew members ⑤ for whom they had the higher expectations. The self-fulfilling effects in these cases strongly suggest that managers adopt positive and optimistic approaches toward others at work.

[변형독해 1탄, 핵심체크 T2-7]



- Self-fulfilling prophecies can have a positive side.
- The self-fulfilling effects in these cases strongly suggest that managers adopt positive and optimistic approaches toward others at work.

출처•Organizational Behaviour, Ray French

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[9월 모의평가 37번]

글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

But neither are aware of this fact when it comes to unmarked crosswalks.

Studies do show that motorists are more likely to yield to pedestrians in marked crosswalks than at unmarked crosswalks. But as some researchers found, that does not necessarily make things safer. ( ① ) When they compared the way pedestrians crossed at both kinds of crosswalks on roads with considerable traffic volumes, they found that people at unmarked crosswalks tended to look both ways more often, waited more often for gaps in traffic, and crossed the road more quickly. ( ② ) Researchers suspect that both drivers and pedestrians are more aware that drivers should yield to pedestrians in marked crosswalks. ( ③ ) Not knowing traffic safety laws, it turns out, is actually a good thing for pedestrians. ( ④ ) Because they do not know whether cars are supposed to stop, they act more cautiously. ( ⑤ ) Marked crosswalks, by contrast, may give pedestrians an unrealistic picture of their own safety.

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[N제, p126, 13번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Studies do show that motorists are more likely to yield to pedestrians in marked crosswalks than at unmarked crosswalks. But as University of California, Berkeley, researchers David Ragland and Meghan Fehlig Mitman found, that does not necessarily make things safer. When they compared the way pedestrians crossed at both kinds of crosswalks on roads with considerable traffic volumes, they found that people at unmarked crosswalks tended to look both ways more often, waited more often for gaps in traffic, and crossed the road more quickly. Researchers suspect that both drivers and pedestrians are more aware that drivers should yield to pedestrians in marked crosswalks. But neither are aware of this fact when it comes to unmarked crosswalks. Not knowing traffic safety laws, it turns out, is actually a good thing for pedestrians. Because they do not know whether cars are supposed to stop — or if they will — they act more cautiously. Marked crosswalks, by contrast, may give pedestrians .....

- ① an awareness of the complex traffic rules
- ② an unrealistic picture of their own safety
- ③ a tip for safely crossing at crosswalks
- ④ a good opportunity to follow safe practices
- ⑤ a deep anxiety about increasing traffic accidents

[변형독해 3탄, 116-1번]



116-1. 글의 흐름으로 보아 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

But neither are aware of this fact when it comes to unmarked crosswalks.

116-2. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

Studies do show that motorists are more likely to yield to pedestrians in marked crosswalks than at unmarked crosswalks. ① But as University of California, Berkeley, researchers David Ragland and Meghan Fehlig Mitman found, that does not necessarily make things (A)\_\_\_\_\_. ② When they compared the way pedestrians crossed at both kinds of crosswalks on roads with considerable traffic volumes, they found that people at unmarked crosswalks tended to look both ways more often, waited more often for gaps in traffic, and crossed the road more quickly. ③ Researchers suspect that both drivers and pedestrians are more aware that drivers should yield to pedestrians in marked crosswalks. ④ Not knowing traffic safety laws, it turns out, is actually a good thing for pedestrians. ⑤ Because they do not know whether cars are supposed to stop — or if they will — they act more (B)\_\_\_\_\_. Marked crosswalks, by contrast, may give pedestrians an unrealistic picture of their own safety.

116-2.

- ① safer - cautiously
- ② safer - carelessly
- ③ safer - quickly
- ④ more dangerous - cautiously
- ⑤ more dangerous - carelessly



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[9월 모의평가 38번]

다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장을 고르시오.

Some researchers investigated the effects of different media on children's ability to produce imaginative responses. In one study, children in grades one through four were separated randomly into two groups and presented with the same fictional story. One group listened to the story via radio, while the other group watched the story on a television. ① Afterward, all of the children were asked what they thought would happen next in the story. ② The researchers rated children's imaginativeness by recording the novel elements (such as characters, setting, dialogue, and feelings) they used in their responses. ③ Some novelists prefer to include as many characters as possible in their stories. ④ The children who listened to the radio produced more imaginative responses, whereas the children who watched the television produced more words that repeated the original story. ⑤ Media scholars have used this study to illustrate the "visualization hypothesis," which states that children's exposure to ready-made visual images restricts their ability to generate novel images of their own.

[수능완성(실전편), p66, 31번]

다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것을 고르시오.

Some researchers investigated the effects of different media on children's ability to produce imaginative responses. In the study, children in grades one through four were separated randomly into two groups and presented with the same fictional story. One group listened to the story via radio, while the other group watched the story on television. Afterward, all of the children were asked what they thought would happen next in the story. The researchers rated children's imaginativeness by recording the novel elements (such as characters, setting, dialogue, and feelings) they used in their responses. The children who listened to the radio produced more imaginative responses, whereas the children who watched television produced more words that repeated the original story. Media scholars have used this study to illustrate the "visualization hypothesis," which posits that children's exposure to ready-made visual images .....

- ① makes them visualize what they want to learn
- ② allows their imagination to play in the virtual world
- ③ helps them escape from the boredom of their everyday lives
- ④ causes their judgment to be clouded by emotional factors
- ⑤ restricts their ability to generate novel images of their own

---

[9월 모의평가 39번]

다음 글에서 전체 흐름과 관계 없는 문장을 고르시오.

One of the many strengths of the African American community is an intrinsic support for the athletic endeavors of African American girls and women. ① Since African American culture appreciates a greater flexibility of gender roles and accepts a broader range of gender-appropriate behaviors, African American women are not as bound as white women by gender role stereotypes. ② Athletics for girls and women is not perceived as conflicting with an African American female's gender role. ③ Hall and Bower's study of African American females found that African American women defined themselves as "softly strong" — owning both strength and femininity without conflict. ④ African American males have played an increasingly important role in global politics. ⑤ Welcome support from the African American community has energized many African American girls and women to participate in sports.

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[수능특강, p157, 4번]

다음 글의 밑줄 친 부분 중, 문맥상 낱말의 쓰임이 적절하지 않은 것은?

One of the many strengths of the African American community is an ① intrinsic support for the athletic endeavors of African American girls and women. Since African American culture appreciates a greater ② flexibility of gender roles and accepts a broader range of gender-appropriate behaviors, African American women are not as bound as white women by gender role stereotypes. Athletics for girls and women is not perceived as ③ suitable to an African American female's gender role. Hall and Bower's study of African American females found that African American women defined themselves as "softly strong" — owning both strength and femininity without ④ conflict. Welcome support from the African American community has energized many African American girls and women to ⑤ participate in sports.